Making Housing Central in Your Community: Affordable Housing 101 for Local Elected Officials

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- The webinar will be recorded
- Participants will be muted
- Use chat box to submit questions
- This PowerPoint and links to resources will be sent to you after the webinar

Agenda

Introduce the Community Housing Sector

Overview of Governments' Role in Housing

Potential Roles for Local Government

Tools and Resources

What is Housing Central?







BCNPHA

CHF-BC

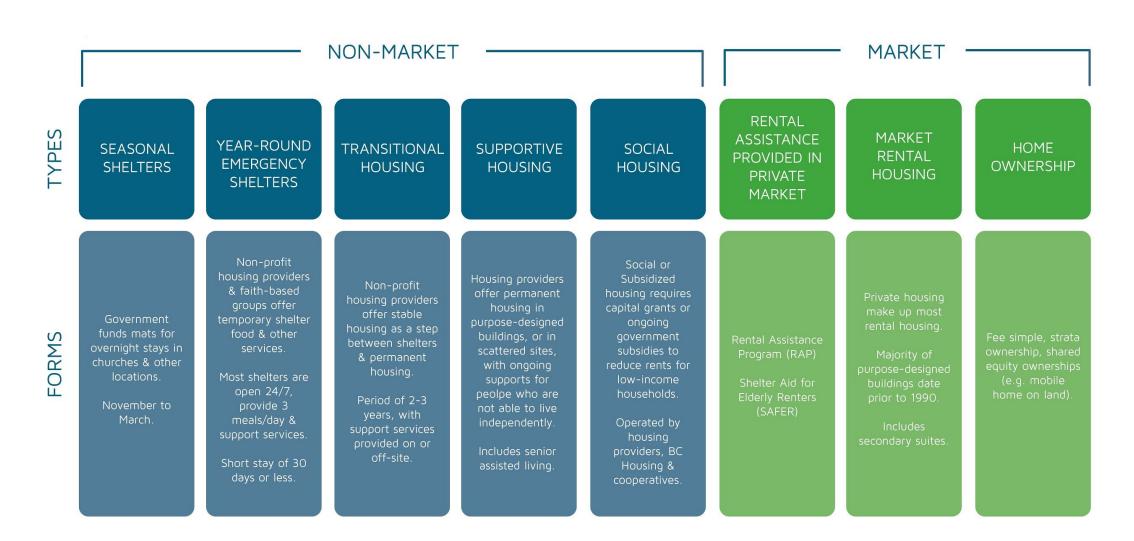
- Formed over 25 years ago
- Provincial umbrella organization for the non-profit housing sector
- Comprised of nearly 600 members, representing:
 - About **60,000 units** of long-term, affordable housing

- Formed over 36 years ago
- Provincial unified voice for nonprofit and equity co-ops across BC
- Comprised of over 250 members, representing:
 - About **15,000 units** of longterm, affordable housing

What is the Community Housing Sector?



The Housing Continuum



What is Government's Role?



Government of Canada



Over a 12-year period, the federal investment in provincial and territorial housing programs will reach approximately \$20.5 billion, which cost-matching of approximately half- of this total investment by those agencies



Government of Canada - CMHC

What is the Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation?

- Established in 1946, it is Canada's national housing agency
- Responsible for the delivery and administration of federal affordable housing programs



Government of British Columbia

Homes for BC: A 30-Point Plan for Housing Affordability in BC

- \$6 billion-plus investment over 10 years to help build 114,000 affordable units for individuals, working families, and seniors delivered through partnerships with the Community Housing Sector
- Includes housing for women and children affected by violence, students, and Indigenous peoples
- 2,500 new supportive homes for people struggling with homelessness



BC Housing

BC Housing works in partnership with the private and non-profit sectors, provincial health authorities and ministries, other levels of government and community groups to develop a range of housing options.

- Established in 1967, BC Housing is the provincial crown corporation responsible for fulfilling the directives of the Minister of Municipal Affairs and Housing
- BC Housing develops, manages and administers a wide range of subsidized housing options across the province.

Union of BC Municipalities (UBCM)

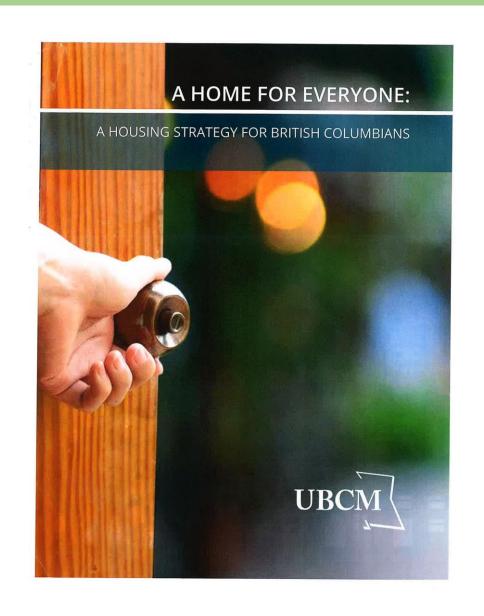
A Home for Everyone

A Housing Strategy for British Columbians

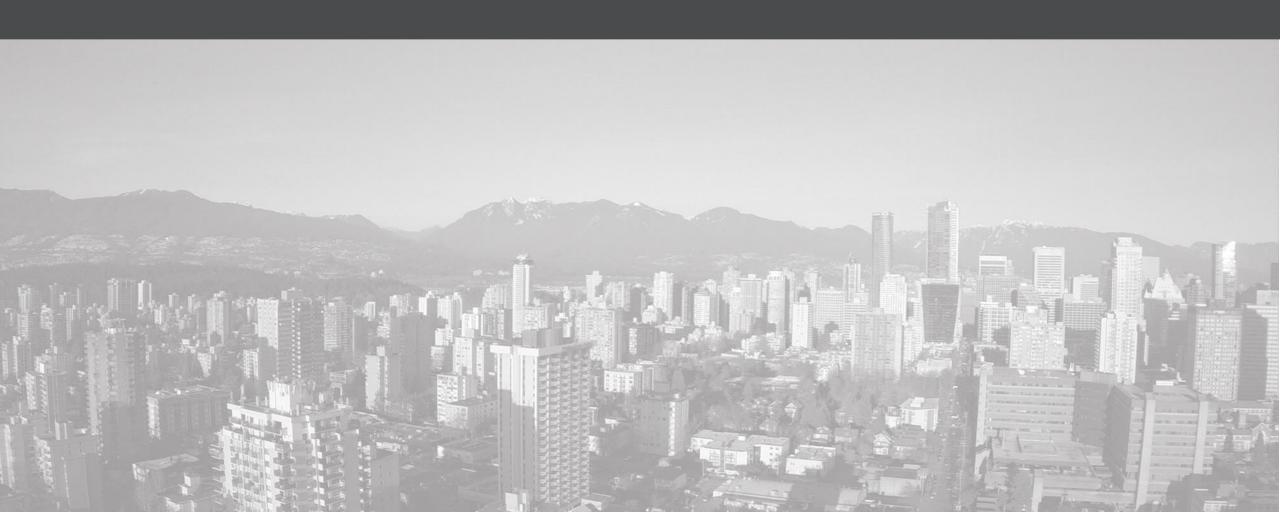
Created by provincial task force of housing stakeholders

32 detailed recommendations to the BC Government to address:

- Increasing the supply of rental housing
- Managing speculative demand
- A comprehensive approach to homelessness
- All government approach towards housing affordability



How serious is the housing crisis?



Scope of the Issue

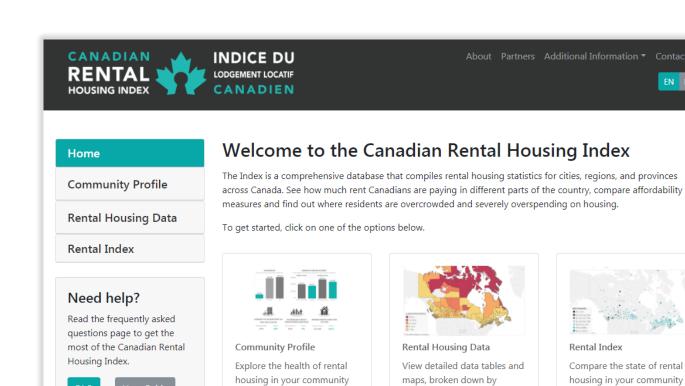
2016 Census

	Canada	ВС
Renter households paying over 30% of income		
on rent + utilities	40%	43%
Renter households spending over 50% of		
income on rent + utilities	18%	21%
Renter households overcrowded	9%	10%

2018 Provincial Homeless Count

Minimum of 7,655 individuals experiencing homelessness

Canadian Rental Housing Index



and compare key indicators

for cities, regions, and

provinces.

income quarters and

bedroom size.

with others provincially and

nationally.

Using data from the 2016 longform census, the Index examines rental housing affordability and overcrowding in over 800 municipalities and regions across Canada

Explore your community at:

www.rentalhousingindex.ca



What the Index Tells Us

Response to a data gap...

- Lack of standardized, consistent data for communities of all sizes
- CMHC rental data primarily focuses on purpose-built rental stock
- Census data provides a more complete picture

What gets measured, gets done!

How much do renters earn in my community?

Does my community need more rental housing?

Are renters overcrowded?

How much do renters spend on housing?



An Affordable Housing Plan for BC



117,000 households need help affording current rent

80,000 units are needed to fix the housing backlog for renters living below multiple housing standards or in overcrowded conditions

A total of 35,000 units will be needed over the next 10 years of which:

- 11,500 for missing middle households
- 23,500 for core need households

Total provincial annual investment required: \$691M

Affordable Housing Plan Investment

THE INVESTMENT

AVERAGE ANNUAL COST (MILLIONS)

	Supply	Non-Profit Repair	Income Support	Homelessness	TOTAL
Provincial	\$410.61	\$41.54	\$203.06	\$36.05	\$691.26
Federal	\$410.61	\$41.54	\$203.06	\$36.05	\$691.26
Community Housing Sector	\$410.61	\$41.54	N/A	\$9.50	\$461.65
TOTAL	\$1.23 B	\$124.62	\$406.12	\$81.60	\$1.8B

Build Homes, Not Barriers

Community Opposition to Affordable Housing Projects?

- Helping communities to get from NIMBY to YIMBY
- Campaign to mobilize local networks of support for new housing
- Shelters, supportive housing and affordable rental housing
- Letter-writing; attendance at public hearings

What Can My Municipality Do?



Understand the Role of Local Government...

- Contribute public land to the community housing sector for new affordable housing
- Protect existing affordable housing supply through retention and replacement policies
- Zone existing and new rental developments as rental housing only
- Streamline municipal permitting and rezoning processes to fast-track development of affordable rental housing
- Pursue partnerships with local co-operatives, non-profits, and other stakeholders in the community housing sector to create new affordable housing developments

Check-out the Local Government Toolkit...

- Developed by Housing Central as part of Make Housing Central education campaign during recent election
- Twelve tools in your municipal toolkit to support co-ops, non-profits and affordable rental housing.
- This and other campaign materials available at www.HousingCentral.ca

What tools does local government have in its toolbox to support co-op, non-profit and affordable rental housing?



OFFICIAL PLANS/BYLAWS

Official Community Plans (OCPs) and Zoning Bylaws outline the vision and goals for development in municipal land use and housing needs. Policies can include the protection of existing affordable housing and support for construction of new homes.



INCLUSIONARY ZONING

Inclusionary zoning requires developers to create some type of non-market housing as a condition for new development sites. Municipalities can ask that a specific number of non-market units be built in a development and/or ask for a contribution to a municipal housing fund.



PROPERTY TAX Municipal

governments have powers over property taxes. Local governments can waive or reduce property taxes for co-op and non-profit housing providers in order to incentivize construction of new housing, or re-development of existing housing.



LAND CONTRIBUTIONS

Municipalities can sell or lease their land (with a long-term tenure) to co-op and non-profit housing providers at a reduced rate, or contribute the land at no cost, in order to facilitate the construction of new non-market housing.



HOUSING AGREEMENTS Housing

Agreements are a regulatory tool, in the form of a contractual arrangement between local governments and property owners or housing providers that govern the tenure, occupancy, cost and restrictions on non-market housing.



COMMUNITY LAND TRUSTS A

community land trust acquires and holds land for the benefit of the broader community. governments should partner with community land trusts to support the development and preservation of affordable homes.



TRANSPORTATION As the need for more public transportation infrastructure increases, affordable housing near transit is in danger of being replaced with more expensive and less family-friendly housing.

Municipalities can implement policies to protect affordable stock near transit and provide incentives for the development of new, affordable, transit-oriented housing.



FEE WAIVERS AND RELIEF There

are a variety of municipal costs and fees associated with housing developments that can be waived, including development cost charges, community amenity charges, utility fees and building permit fees. Waiver of these fees can reduce overall building costs.



ADVOCACY Lobby provincial and federal governments, and UBCM and FCM to have non-profit and co-op housing retained and built. Partner with BCNPHA CHF-BC and community housing providers on their advocacy initiatives.

DEMOLITION POLICIES Demolition

and conversion policies protect against demolition of existing affordable housing and replacement with more expensive homes. Polices can be implemented that make this difficult, with significant financial implications to developers who apply for demolition.



REPLACEMENT POLICIES

Replacement policies can establish a ratio of replacement for every affordable or rental unit demolished. Frequently, this is a one-toone ratio. Municipalities can ensure these ratios are protected within their development and rezoning policies.



ZONING FOR RENTAL HOUSING

BC provincial regulations regarding municipal authorities have recently been amended to allow local governments to zone specifically to retain and encourage rental housing in







Use the Tools...



OFFICIAL PLANS/BYLAWS



PROPERTY TAX



TRANSPORTATION



FEE WAIVERS



LAND CONTRIBUTIONS



ADVOCACY

Use the Tools...



INCLUSIONARY ZONING



REPLACEMENT POLICIES



COMMUNITY LAND TRUSTS



DEMOLITION POLICIES



HOUSING AGREEMENTS



ZONING FOR RENTAL HOUSING

Participate in Regional Events

Join us at our Regional Education, Networking and Tradeshows (RENT)

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April 03 Vancouver Island RENT - Victoria
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May 30 Lower Mainland RENT – Surrey

June 13 Norther BC RENT – Prince George

Sept 09 Interior BC RENT – Kelowna

Watch for us at your local government association regional conferences

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April 12 AVICC – Powell River
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April 26 AKBLG – Castlegar

April 30 SILGA – Penticton

May 07 NCLGA – Williams Lake

May 08 LMLGA – Harrison Hot Springs

Attend the Housing Central Conference in Vancouver, November 16-19th

Local Government Case Studies



Contribution of Public Land

Project:

43 Hastings Street, New Westminster

Partnership:

Community Living Housing Society

Housing Provider

Catalyst Community Development Society

Development Manager

Province of British Columbia/BC Housing

• Grant (\$314,000) and construction financing (\$864,000)

City of New Westminster

Issued RFP for housing projects and provided City land

Outcome:

- Three rental homes for people with developmental disabilities at shelter rate (\$375/month
- Three rental homes at maximum (30%) of Housing Income Limits



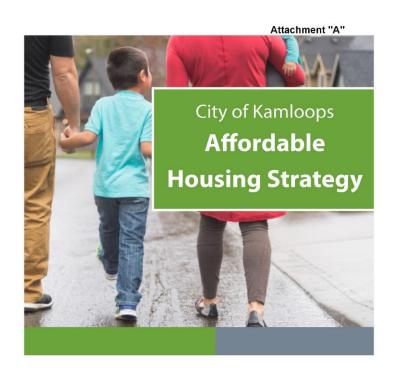
Incentives for Development Applications for Affordable Rental Housing

Policy and Process Development

City of Kamloops
Affordable Housing Strategy

STRATEGIC PRIORITY: PROJECT SUPPORT AND CAPACITY BUILDING

- Develop a Low-End of Market incentivization program
- Work across City departments to streamline regulatory and/or operational processes for affordable housing (including reduced parking and DCCs)
- Encourage affordable market rental housing by supporting secondary, garden, and carriage suites subject to existing zoning criteria
- Explore opportunities to support affordable entry into the homeownership market (e.g. shared equity ownership, Habitat for Humanity or other models of community-supported real estate asset development)





June 7, 2018

Partnerships with Local Co-ops, Non-Profits and other Stakeholders

Project:

Ksan Estates

Partnership:

Government of Canada

• Grant of \$5,500

Province of BC/BC Housing

\$8 M grant and construction financing \$2.2 M

Ksan House Society

non profit housing provider

City of Terrace

land (\$441,000) and and financial supports (\$250K)

Outcome:

- Three storey apartment building providing 45 much needed rental homes for low-income families and seniors
- Rental rates projected to be \$595 to \$1035 upon opening of facility later this spring



Use of Innovation in Housing

Project:

Port Alberni shelter and supportive housing; use of temporary Modular housing units

Partnerships:

Port Alberni Shelter Society

- housing and support program provider
 Vancouver Island Health Authority
- property owner leasing to BC Housing
 Provincial Government/BC Housing
- \$7.4M in capital and construction costs



Outcome:

- Relief to people living without shelter with provision of housing and support services
- 30 supportive temporary modular housing units and 20 shelter spaces using temporary modular housing units and multi-purpose wet-weather room for extreme weather shelter space in

Join us for Affordable Housing 201

The Toolkit:

 Taking a deeper examination of how to use regulatory and legislative tools to advance the development and re-development of affordable rental housing

Case Studies:

 Examining additional success stories of local governments using new and innovative approaches to Making Housing Central

Additional Resources:

 New resources from BC Housing, CMHC, and Community Housing Sector stakeholders

Questions?



Resources

National Housing Strategy Government of Canada

www.PlaceToCallHome.ca

Homes for BC Government of BC

www.bcbudget.gov.bc.ca/2018/home sbc/2018_homes_for_bc.pdf

A Home for Everyone UBCM

https://www.ubcm.ca/EN/main/resolutions/policy-areas/housing.htmla

Affordable Housing Plan for BC BCNPHA

www.housingcentral.ca

Resources



www.BCHousing.org

Build Homes, Not Barriers YIMBY

www.BuildHomesNotBarriers.ca



www.HousingCentral.ca



www.RentalHousingIndex.ca

